

17/12/2025

- N.B. : 1. Q1 is compulsory
2. Attempt any three questions from Q2 to Q6.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q1. (a) Find the extremals of $\int_{x_1}^{x_2} \frac{(y')^2}{x^3} dx$. 5
- (b) Verify Cauchy-Schwartz inequality for the vectors $u = (2, 3, 1)$ and $v = (3, 0, 4)$. 5
- (c) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{3z-5}{z^2-4} dz$ where C is the circle $|z-2|=1$. 5
- (d) Calculate the coefficient of correlation from the following data. 5
- | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|
| X : | 3 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 2 |
| Y : | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 6 |
- Q2. (a) Construct an orthonormal basis of R^3 using Gram-Schmidt process to $S = \{(3, 0, 4), (-1, 0, 7), (2, 9, 11)\}$. 6
- (b) Fit a Poisson distribution to the following data. 6
- | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|----|----|---|---|
| No. of deaths : | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Frequencies : | 123 | 59 | 14 | 3 | 1 |
- (c) Using the Rayleigh-Ritz method, solve the boundary value problem 8
- $$\int_0^1 2xy - y^2 - (y')^2 dx, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y(1) = 0.$$
- Q3. (a) Using residue theorem evaluate $\int_C \frac{z+3}{z^2+2} dz$ where C is the circle $|z|=2$. 6
- (b) Find the extremals of 6
- $$\int_0^1 yy' + (y'')^2 dx, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1, \quad y(1) = 2, \quad y'(1) = 4.$$
- (c) Find the singular value decomposition of $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. 8
- Q4. (a) Check whether following are subspaces of the space R^3 . 6
- (i) $W = \{(a, b, c) / a = 1, c = 1\}$
(ii) $W = \{(a, 0, 0) / a \in R\}$

- (b) A r.v. X has the distribution 6
 $X: 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6$
 $p(x): k \quad 3k \quad 5k \quad 7k \quad 9k \quad 11k \quad 13k$
 Find (i) k (ii) E(X) (iii) Var(X).

- (c) Reduce the quadratic form $2x^2 - 2y^2 + 2z^2 - 2xy - 8yz + 6xz$ to canonical form and find its rank, index & value class. 8

- Q5. (a) The equations of the two regression lines are $3x + 2y = 26$ and $6x + y = 31$. 6
 Find i) \bar{x} and \bar{y} ,
 ii) coefficient of correlation between x & y.

- (b) The marks obtained by 1000 students in an examination are found to be normally distributed with mean 70 and standard deviation 5. Estimate the number of students whose marks will be more than 75. 6

- (c) Evaluate using the Cauchy integral formula, 8

$$\int_C \frac{z^3 + 4}{z^4 + 4z^2} dz, \quad C: |z - 2 - 2i| = 3.$$

- Q6. (a) Calculate rank correlation coefficient from the following data. 6
 $X: 40 \quad 42 \quad 45 \quad 35 \quad 36 \quad 39$
 $Y: 46 \quad 43 \quad 44 \quad 39 \quad 40 \quad 43$

- (b) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{\cos \pi z}{(z-1)^3} dz$ where C is the circle $|z| = 2$. 6

- (c) Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 - 3z + 2}$ as a Laurent's series in the regions 8
 (i) $1 < |z - 3| < 2$ (ii) $|z| < 1$.
